

OREGON WINE



Journey of Extraction
Session 1 –
Maceration Strategies

SYMPOSIUM

February 3 & 4, 2025

Bill Snyder – Winemaker, Decision Hill Wines, Snyder Wine Services
Rachel Rose - Winemaker & Vineyard Director, Bryn Mawr Vineyards
Matt Vuylsteke, GM & Winemaker, Amaterra Wines
Steve Price, ETS Laboratories

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Bryn Mawr Vineyards – Cold Soak Phenolic Trial
Rachel Rose - Winemaker & Vineyard Director

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BRYN MAWR
VINEYARDS

Bryn Mawr Vineyards – Cold Soak Phenolic Trial

Cold Soak Pros vs. Cons

- Color vs. Color
- Microbiology vs. Microbiology
- Fruit Expression vs. Non-desired aromas and flavors (i.e. fungal, stemmy, insect/MALB & MSB)
- Positive textural contributions vs. Negative

What the experiment was about?

- How timing and temperature of cold soaks impacts the phenolic profile of Pinot Noir with a high proportion of whole clusters.

What we hoped to discover:

- Curious to see the phenolic profile of this specific wine – 3 years in the making
 - Multi clonal fermentation of 777, POM, and WAD all in equal proportion all from the western ridge of our Estate Vineyard
 - This wine always has a high % of whole cluster
- To understand the phenolic profile during the cold soak phase under different Time & Temp parameters
 - I've long since wondered whether the stems provide a sacrificial tannin effect. I have often found WC wines to be counterintuitively "rounder" with greater plushness in the midpalate - a textural feeling and placement I associate with skin tannin.
- To understand the phenolic profile of the entire fermentation process on a granular level
 - To help guide temperature and cap management decisions for fermentations that contain a high % of whole clusters.

Bryn Mawr Vineyards – Cold Soak Phenolic Trial

Glass 1- Control

5-day cold soak at 40-45 F

Glass 2- Extended Cold Soak

9-day cold soak at 40-45 F

- From the Bryn Mawr Vineyards Estate in the Eola-Amity Hills
- Multi-clonal fermentations of 777, POM, and WAD
- 50% Whole cluster
- 25ppm of SO₂
- + 10 g/hL custom mix of non-Sacc "Bio Protection"
- No sequential inoculation
- 2-Ton stainless steel jacketed tank
- Temp. was controlled by connecting to a hot/cold glycol unit
- +Heated ~ 20 hours (2 days) until there were signs of fermentation
- No additional heat or cooling was applied thereafter
- BMV Cap Management SOP
 - Cold Soak: Pump/Over - 1 x volumetric turnover +Dry Ice
 - Peak: Punch/Downs - 2 x day
 - Remaining 1/3: Pump/Over - ½ x volumetric turnover
- 23 days on skins
- Pressed off at -2.0 Brix, finished in tank, <1.0 g/L R.S went to barrel

Bryn Mawr Vineyards – Cold Soak Phenolic Trial

CONTROL

EXTENDED COLD SOAK

Date	Day #	Brix	Cap (°F)	Juice (°F)	Brix	Cap (°F)	Juice (°F)	Cap Management
1/8/2024	0	PROCESSED	x	x	PROCESSED	x	x	x
1/9/2024	1	NO ACTION	x	x	NO ACTION	x	x	x
10/10/2024	2	25.1	56	44	24.8	58	42	PO - total tank volume
10/11/2024	3	23.8	55	x	23.9	47	x	PO - total tank volume
10/12/2024	4	24.2	47	43	24	54	40	PO - total tank volume
10/13/2024	5	24.1	48	44	24.1	52	41	PO - total tank volume
10/14/2024	6	24	57	56	24.2	45	40	PO - total tank volume
10/15/2024	7	23.4	55	55	24	52	40	PO - total tank volume
10/16/2024	8	22.9	56	59	24.1	52	48	PO - total tank volume
10/17/2024	9	21.9	66	59	24	46	45	PO - total tank volume
10/18/2024	10	20.5	68	61	23.9	48	54	PO - total tank volume
10/19/2024	11	16.7	65	65	23.7	52	57	PD x 2 (AM & PM)
10/20/2024	12	10.4	72	71	23.3	54	58	PD x 2 (AM & PM)
10/21/2024	13	7.7	80	72	22.5	64	60	PD x 1 (AM)
10/22/2024	14	2.7	80	71	18.3	68	69	PO - total tank volume
10/23/2024	15	-0.1	79	72	9.9	84	74	PO - half tank volume & PD
10/24/2024	16	-1.4	84	75	4.9	84	80	PO - half tank volume
10/25/2024	17	-1.9	82	69	0.8	84	75	PO - half tank volume
10/26/2024	18	-2.1	79	69	-0.9	81	74	PO - half tank volume
10/27/2024	19	-2.2	76	66	-1.5	73	71	PO - half tank volume
10/28/2024	20	-2.2	68	67	-1.7	73	71	PO - half tank volume
10/29/2024	21	-2.3	x	64	-2	76	70	PO - half tank volume
10/30/2024	22	-2.2	x	63	-2	68	64	PO - half tank volume
10/31/2024	23	DRAIN & PRESS						

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Oregon Extraction Experiments 2024

Steve Price, ETS Laboratories

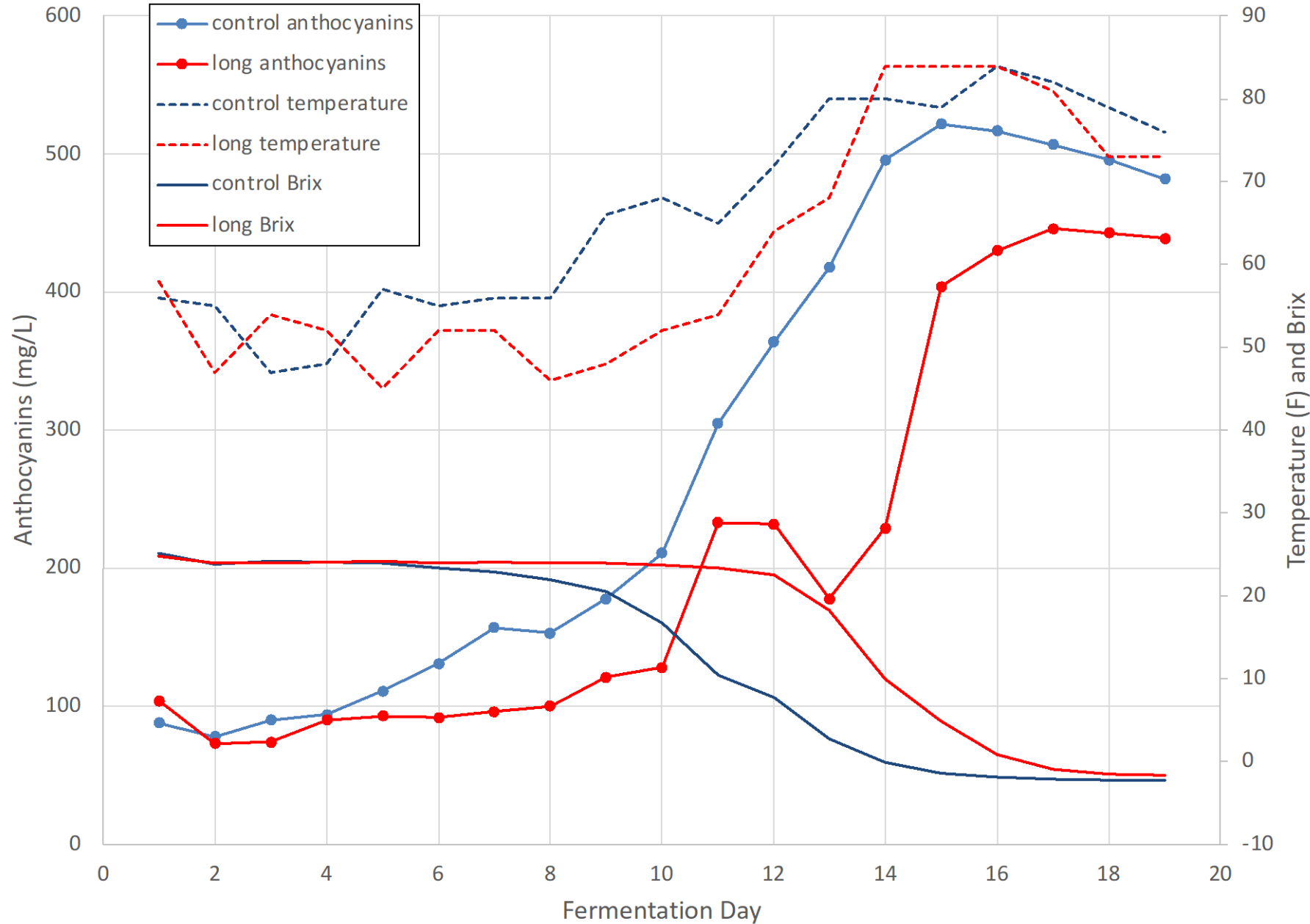
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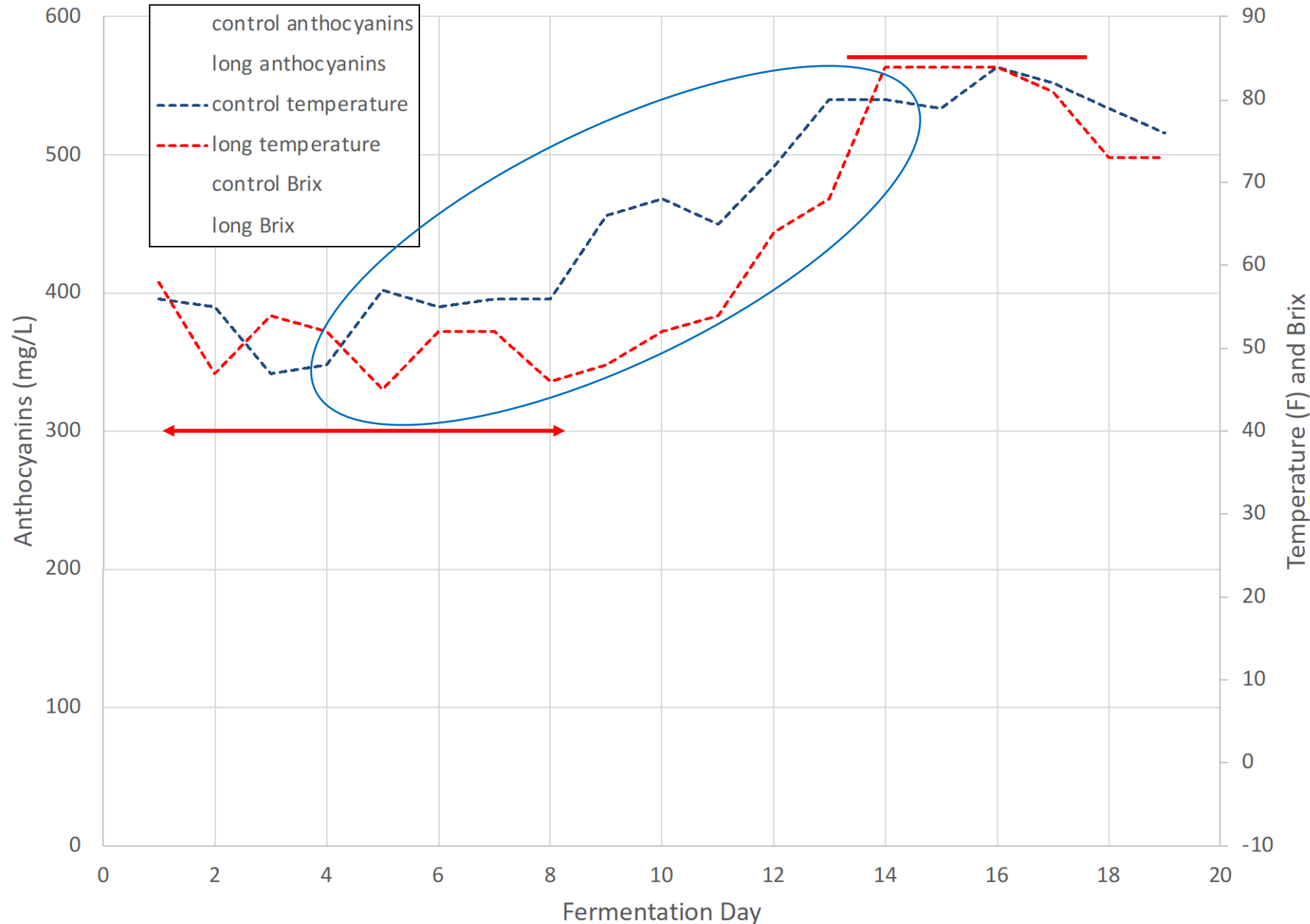
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Cold Soak Trial – Anthocyanins



Cold Soak Trial – Cap Temperature



Temperature

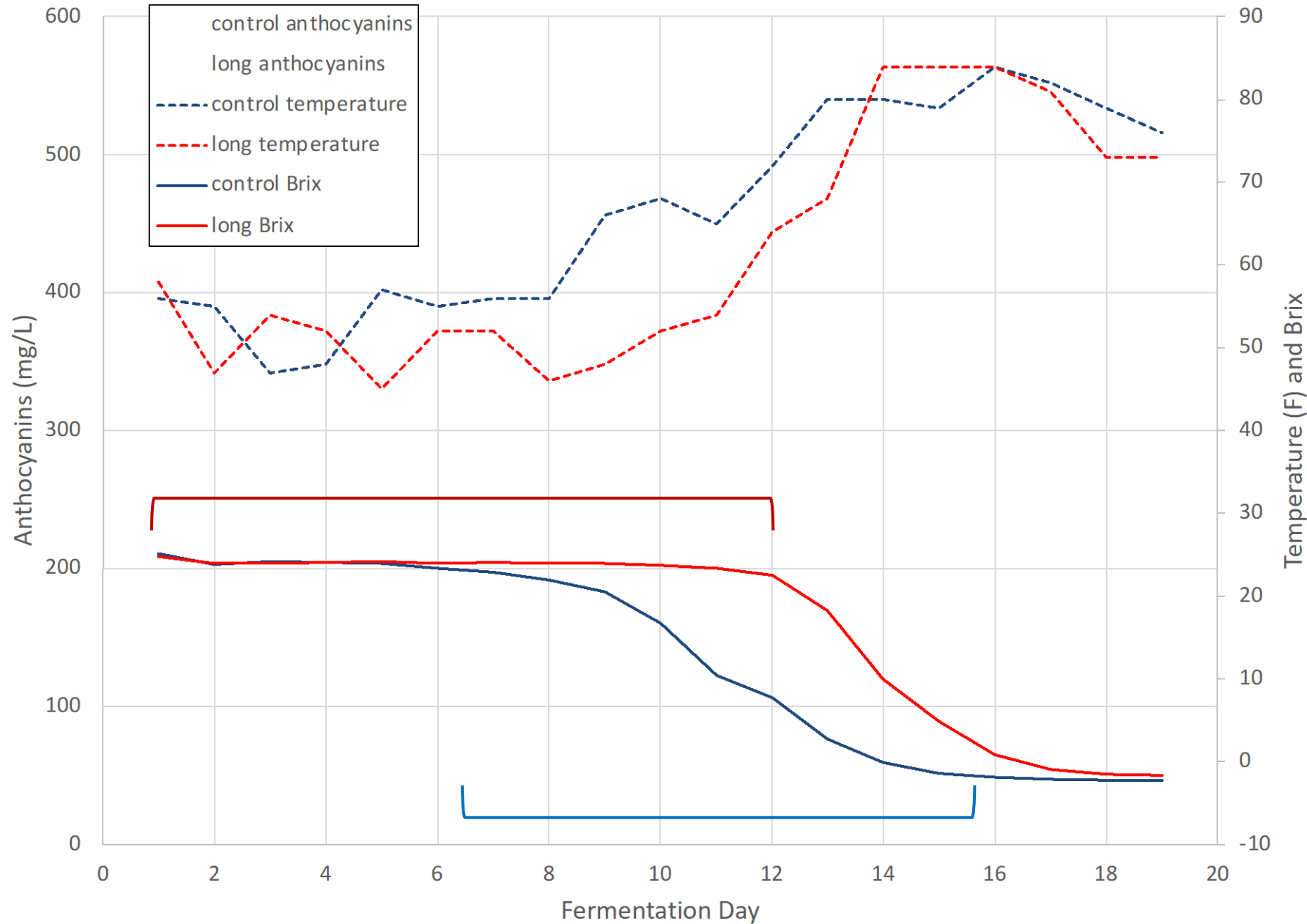
- extended cold soak
- same maximum
- control warmer for nine days

avg temperature

control = 66°

long = 61°

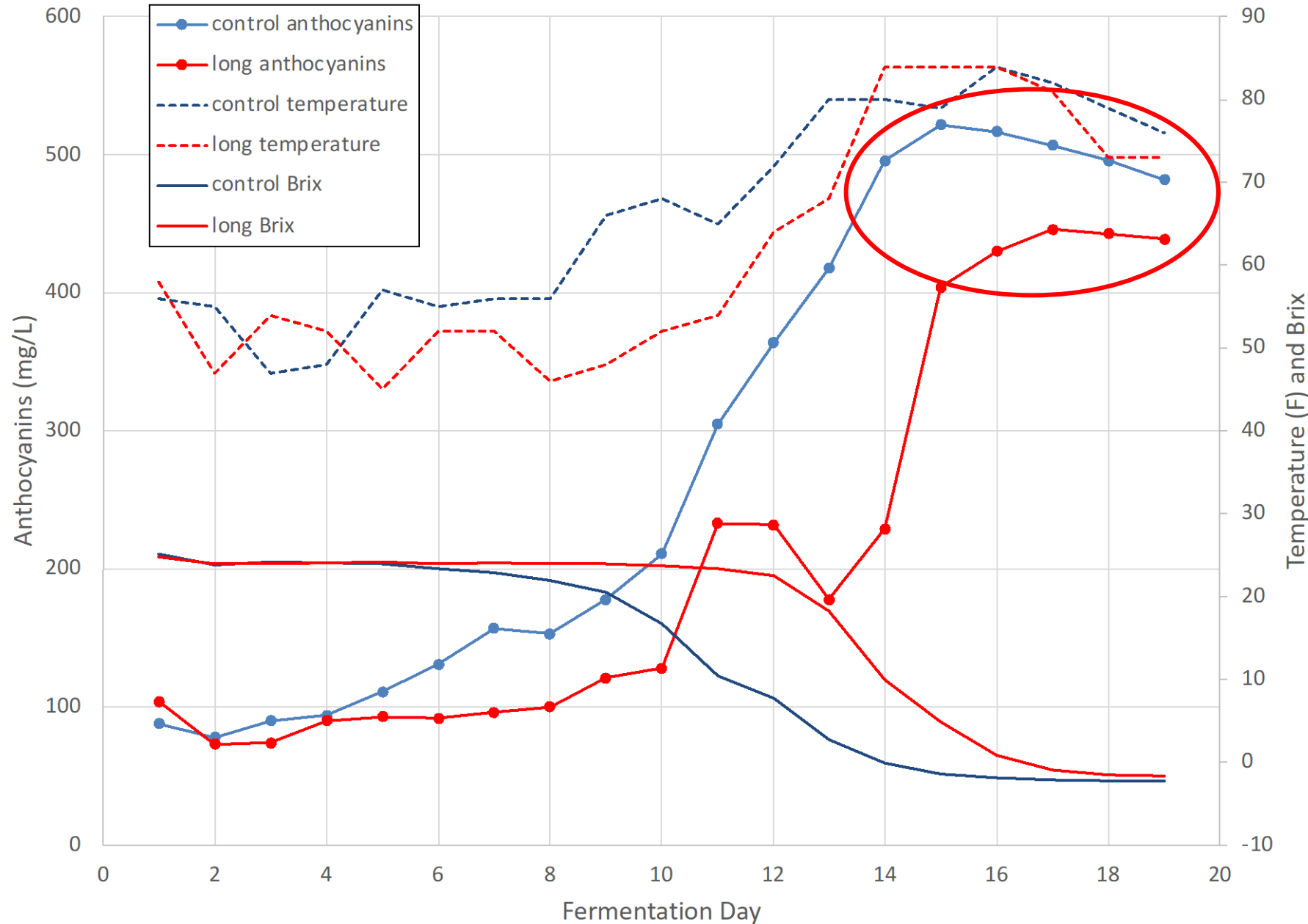
Cold Soak Trial – Fermentation



Brix

- 12-day delay
 - active fermentation
- control = 10 days
long = 5 days

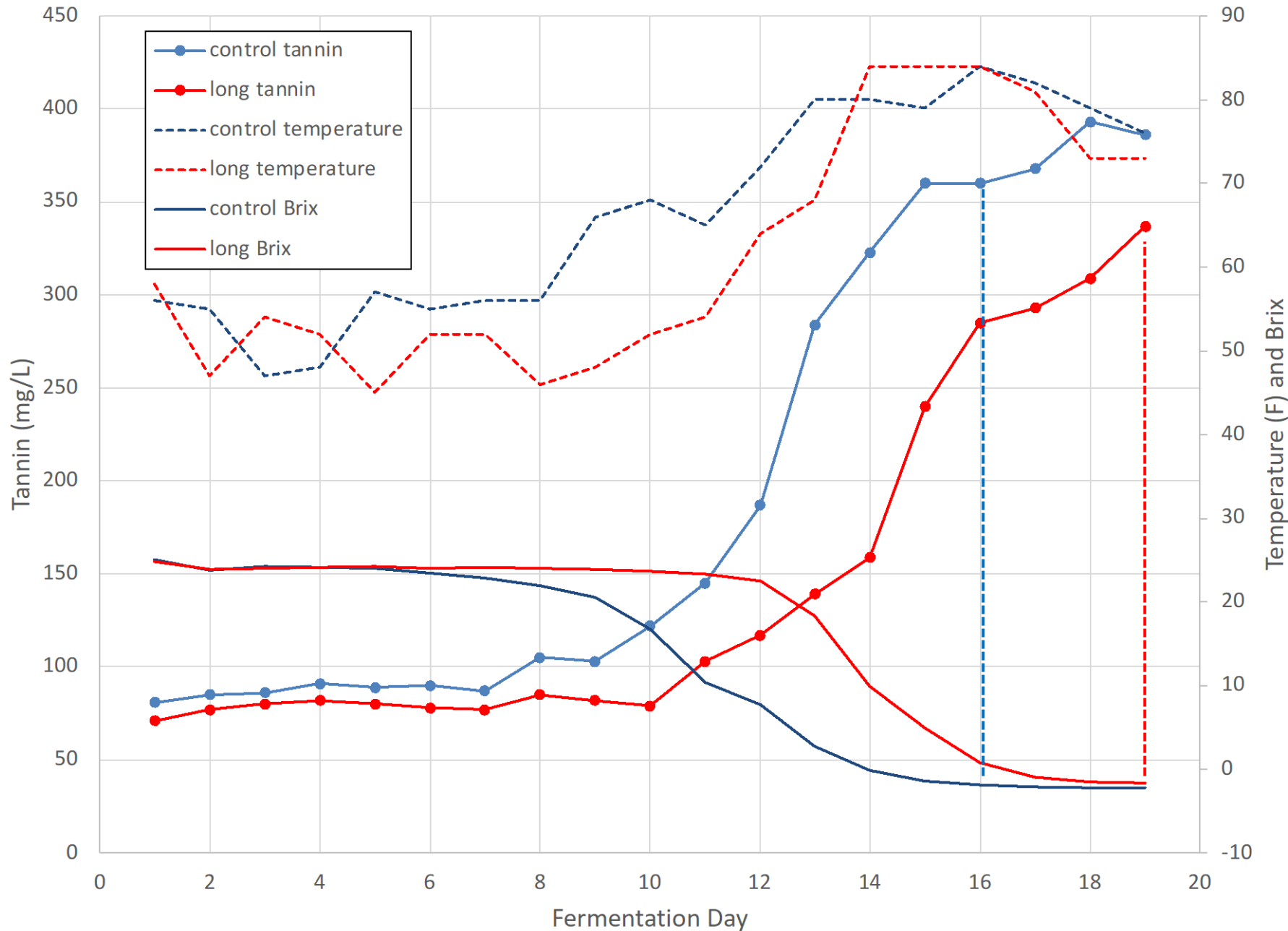
Cold Soak Trial – Anthocyanins



Anthocyanins control

- higher temperatures
- longer exposure to alcohol during maceration
- more anthocyanin extraction
- degradation at higher temperatures!

Cold Soak Trial – Tannin

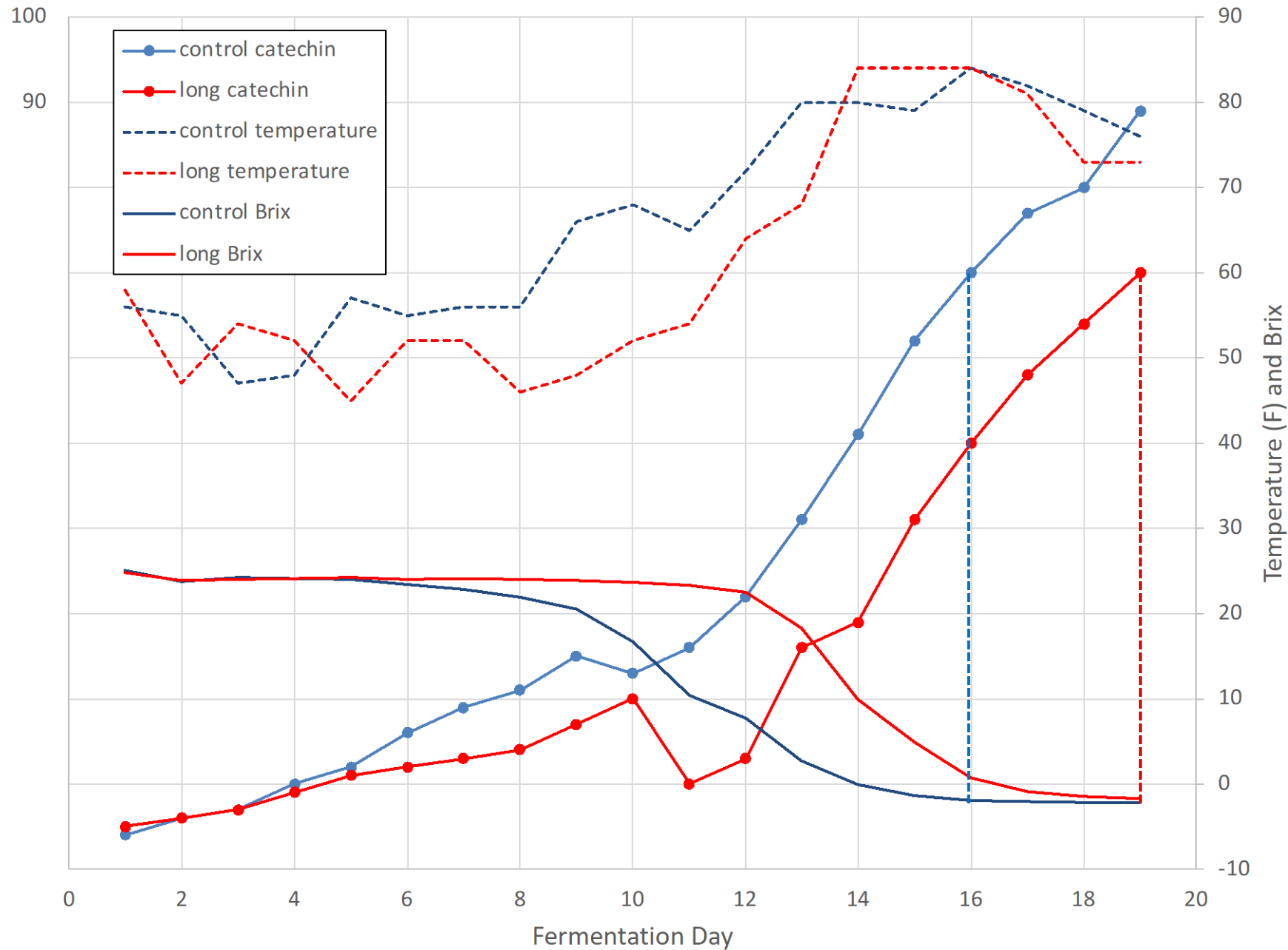


Tannin

high temperatures
increase tannin

control had a post
fermentation maceration

Cold Soak Trial – Catechin



Catechin

extended maceration

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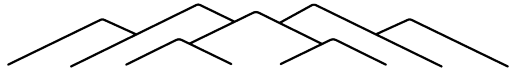
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AMATERRA


Amaterra Wines and 51 Weeks Winemaking

AMATERRA



- Founded in 2017
- First vintage in winery was 2021
- Focus is Willamette Valley, Pinot Noir and Chardonnay
- Estate vineyard site is Swede Hill Vineyard

FIFTY-ONE WEEKS

WINEMAKING

- Founded in 2012
- Focus on non-traditional single varietal bottlings (Petit Verdot)
- Additional focus on experimentation and pushing beyond traditional approaches
- Primarily Walla Walla (Oregon), Yakima Valley, Horse Heavens

Why 'Static' Fermentation?

- Started *submerged cap fermentations* in 2016
 - 1-2 wines per vintage
 - Varietals: Barbera, Pinot Noir, Petit Verdot, Merlot, Cabernet Sauvignon, Syrah
- *Submerged cap fermentation* observations:
 - Cooler fermentation temperatures, aromatic impact
 - Longer fermentation timeline, more days on skins
 - Wines generally have a more purple hue
 - Beneficial overall textural impact, concentrated and refined structure
- Would static fermentation have similar characteristics?
 - Similar in terms of no movement, no shear from punch downs or other cap management
- Our definition of 'Static' fermentation

Static Fermentation Considerations

- Static fermentation risks
 - Overheat of cap, stuck fermentation
 - Reduction, not enough oxygen
 - Volatile acidity production – especially during start and finish of fermentation
- Controls for risk factors
 - Tank size, proportions (1:1), tank design that can be sealed
 - Low yeast rates, encourage slow kinetics
 - Siphon CO₂ and don't open the tank too frequently!
 - SO₂ addition on top, via watercan

Static Fermentation Trials

- Trial on Pinot Noir static fermentation conducted in 2023
 - Not ideal vintage with dehydration, necessary adjustments (a couple pump overs were required)
 - Wine had excellent phenolic structure, concentrated but well rounded (low perception of astringency)
 - Excellent fruit aroma characteristics – similar to submerged cap
 - Surprised at the level of extraction in general, was more comparable to one of our more aggressive approaches vs a more gentle protocol
- Trials for 2024
 - Compare static with other treatment approaches on Pinot Noir (we did 2 trials)
 - Add additional varietals
 - Look at free run composition vs press fraction and homogenized wine

Static Fermentation Trials

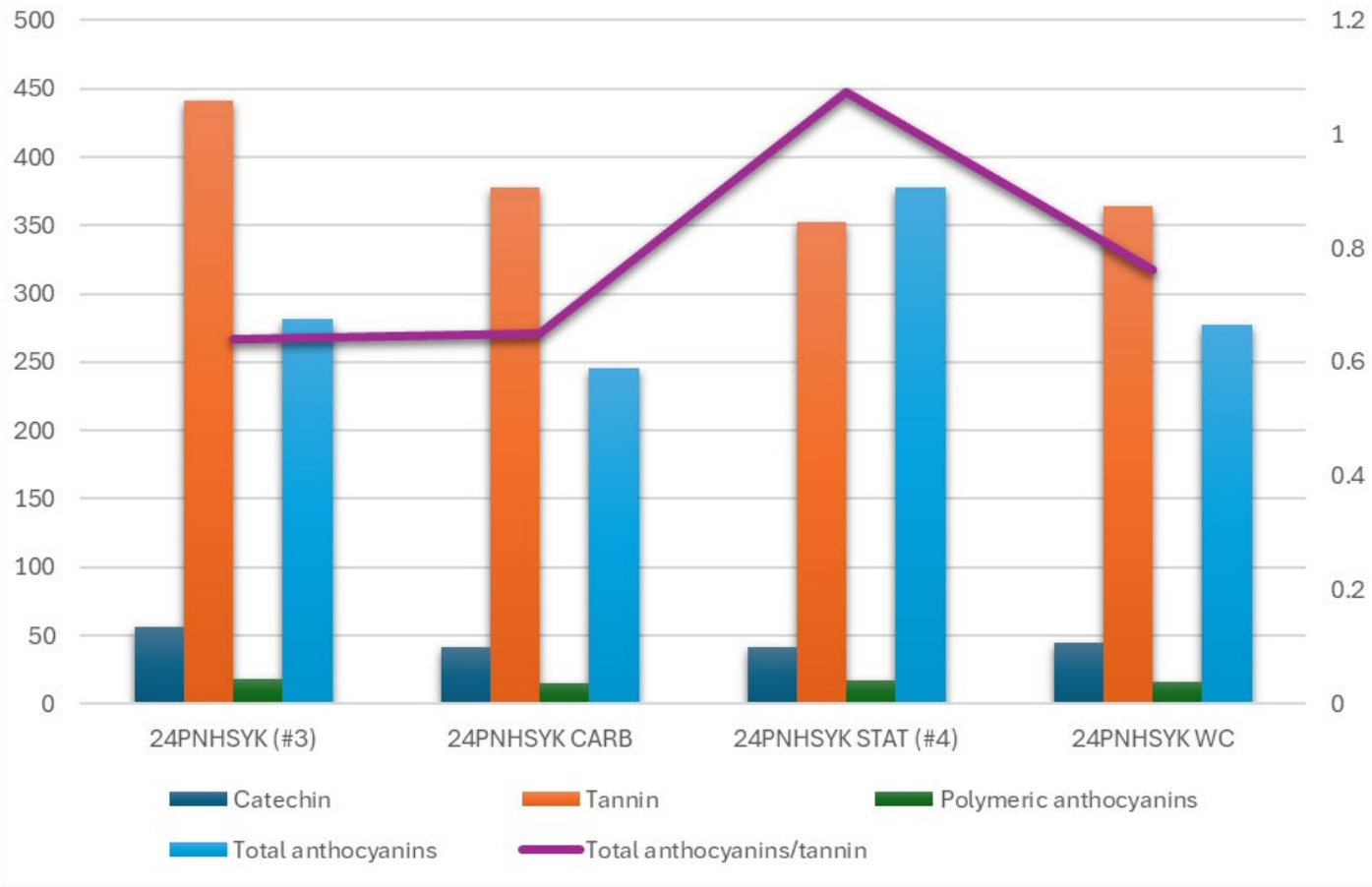
Trial #1 (wines 3 and 4): Static Pinot Noir maceration comparison

- ➔ 1) Control – aggressive destemmed approach
 - SO₂ (+50 ppm), dry ice, enzyme (HE Grand Cru at 3g/100kg)
- 2) Carbonic – 100% whole cluster
 - SO₂ (+50 ppm), inoculated/pigeage at day 7
- 3) Partial whole cluster – 43% whole cluster inclusion
 - SO₂ (+50 ppm), dry ice
- ➔ 4) Static fermentation – all destemmed
 - SO₂ (+50 ppm), dry ice

Vineyard and harvest details:

- Hirschy Vineyard, Yamhill-Carlton AVA
- Block K – planted 2013, Pommard/3309
- Harvest date: 9/25/2024
- Harvest labs: 24.4 Brix, pH 3.5, TA 4.43 g/L

AMA - YC extraction trial



Static Fermentation Trials

Trial #2 (wines 5): Static Cabernet Sauvignon fractions

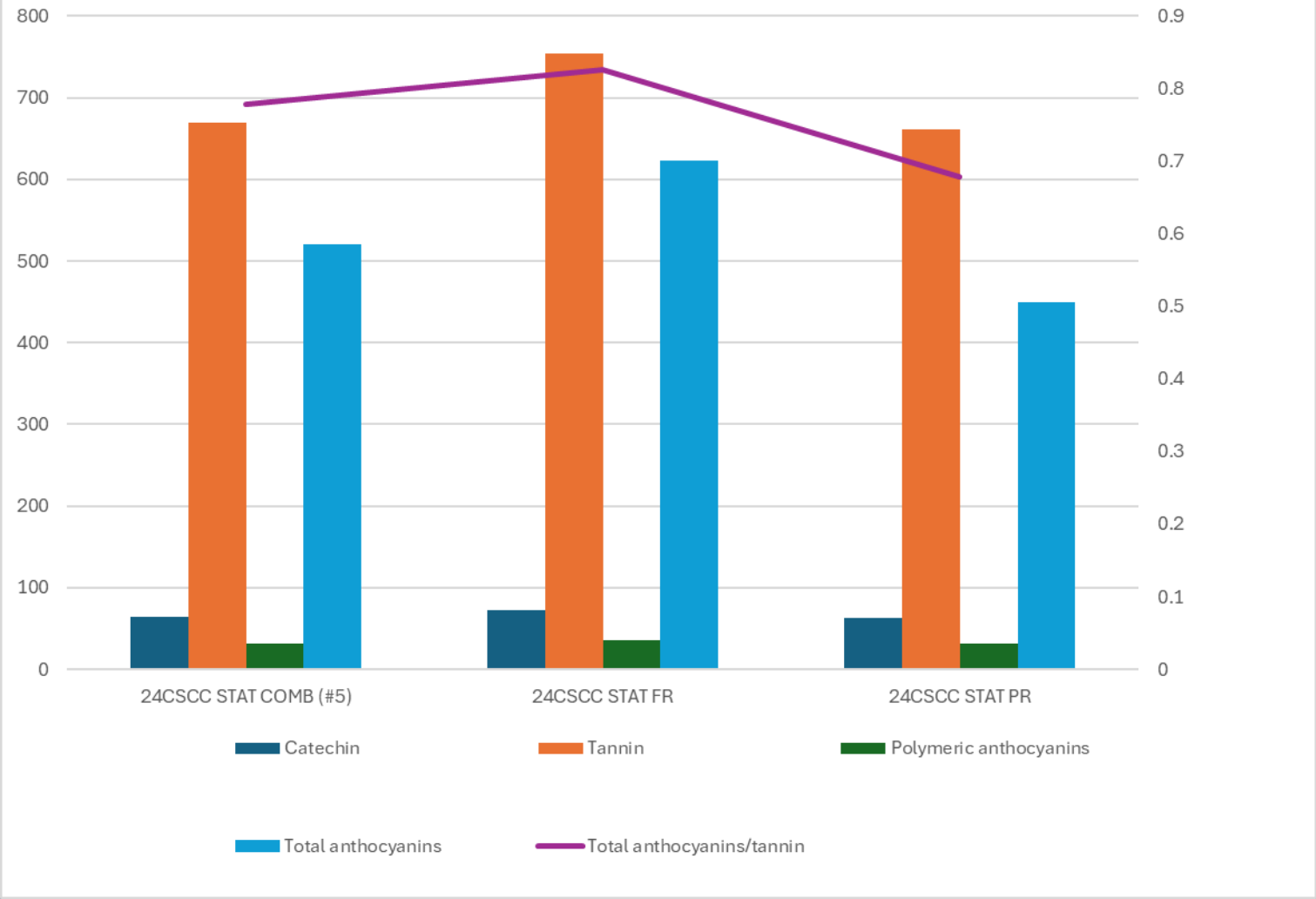
- 1) Free run
- 2) Press fractions
- 3) Free run and press fractions combined

Treatments: +60 ppm SO₂, Tartaric, Water

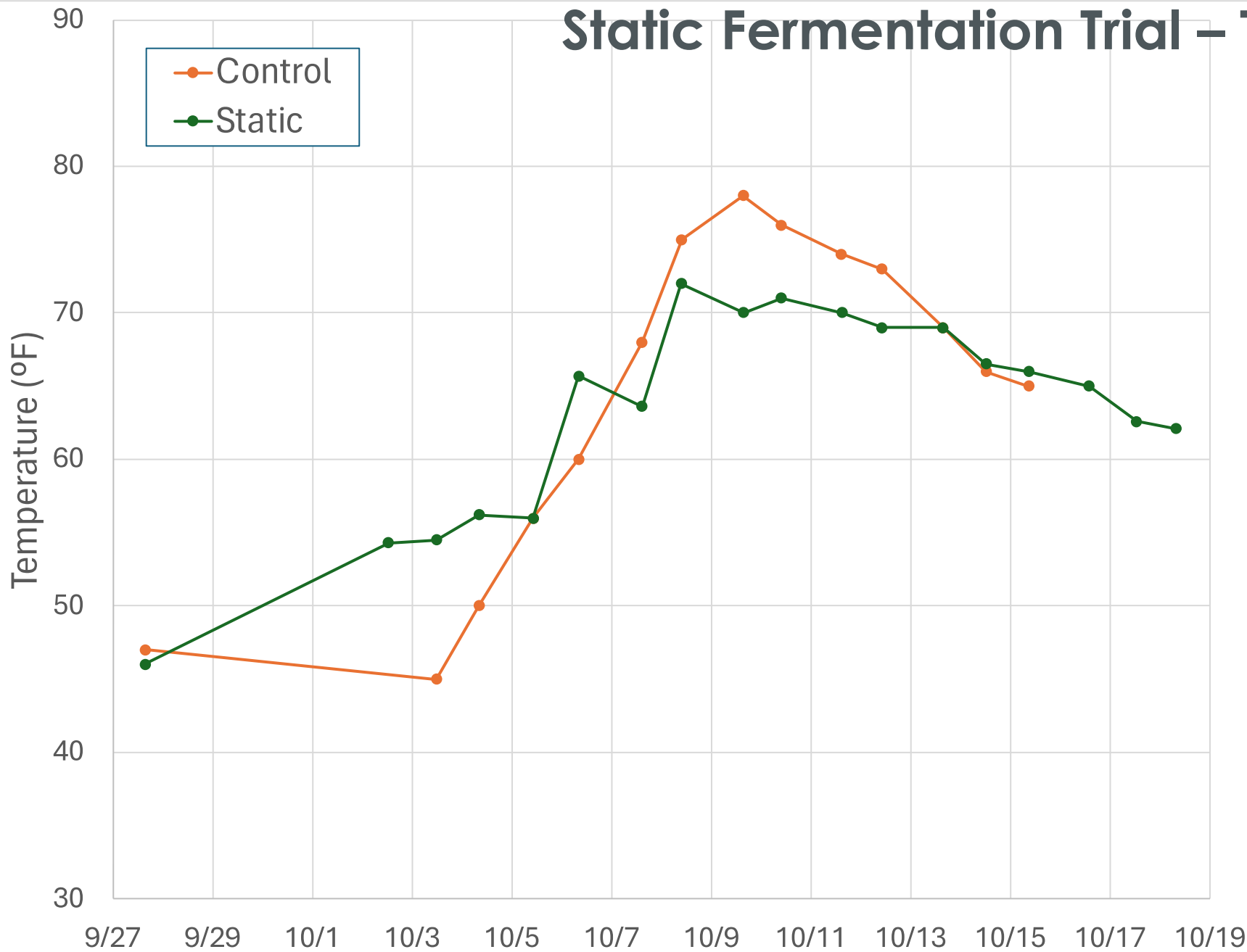
Vineyard and harvest details:

- Coyote Canyon Vineyard (Andrews), Horse Heaven Hills AVA
- Block CS07G, planted 2007
- Cabernet Sauvignon clone 8, own rooted
- Harvest date: 10/22/2024
- Harvest labs: 26 Brix, pH 3.93, TA 3.72 g/L, YAN 57ppm

51Weeks - CS STAT FRACTIONS



Static Fermentation Trial – Temperature



Static Fermentation

warmer start

cooler middle

extended ferment

Static Fermentation – Pinot Noir Phenolic Results

	catechin	tannin	polymeric anthocyanins	total anthocyanins	max temp	avg temp
Control	56	441	18	282	78	64.4
Static	42	352	17	378	72	63.8

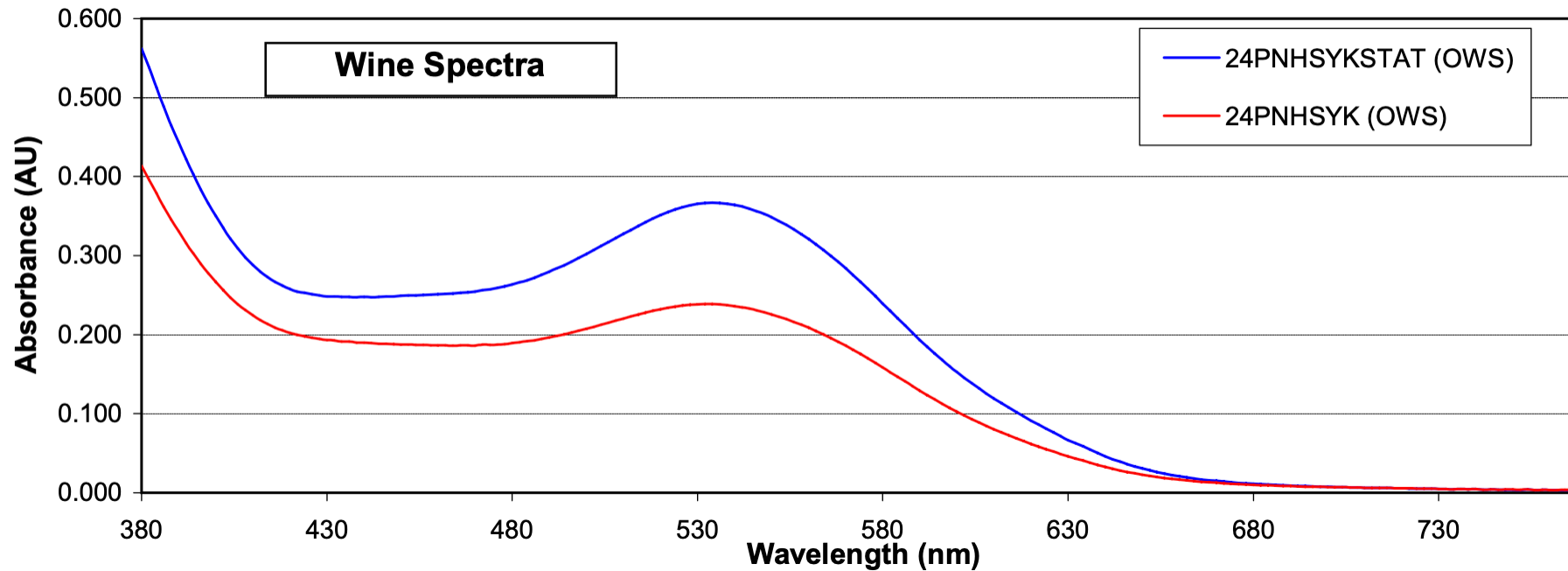
Static Fermentation – Pinot Noir Phenolic Results

	catechin	tannin	polymeric anthocyanins	total anthocyanins	max temp	avg temp
Control	56	441	18	282	78	64.4
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Static Fermentation – Pinot Noir

CIEL*a*b*

	520nm	L “lightness”	a* “red”	b* “yellow”	hue angle
Control	0.232	85.2	13.5	2.0	8.3
Static	0.351	78.9	20.7	0.7	-2.0



Static Fermentation Phenolic Results

	catechin	tannin	polymeric anthocyanins	total anthocyanins	max temp	avg temp
Control	56	441	18	282	78	64.4
Static	42	352	17	378	72	63.8
Cabernet Sauvignon						
Static	65	659	32	521		

polymeric anthocyanin : tannin index = 0.049

Thank you!

- Steve Price
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- price.s@comcast.net

Please dump your glasses, and get up from your seat to facilitate our event staff clearing